LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Board of Directors Lincoln Station Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lincoln Station Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Lincoln Station Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wippli LLP

May 16, 2023



LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 567,667
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,750,348
Property Taxes Receivable	1,836,548
Receivable - Camden Fee	42,338
Receivable - County Treasurer	16,374
Receivable - RTD	89,276
Prepaid Expense	450
Capital Assets, Net	2,459,004
Total Assets	6,762,005
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	123,305
Accrued Bond Interest Payable	75,325
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	545,000
Due in More Than One Year	12,810,000
Total Liabilities	13,553,630
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	1,836,548
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,836,548
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	19,400
Debt Service	957,271
Capital Projects	4,790
Unrestricted	(9,609,634)
Total Net Position	\$ (8,628,173)

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position			
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,024,077	\$ -	\$ 279,408	\$ -	\$ (744,669)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	961,998				(961,998)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,986,075	\$ -	\$ 279,408	\$ -	(1,706,667)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Ownersh Tax Revenue - LI Net Investment Ir Total Genera	1,853,825 162,828 36,243 33,985 2,086,881			
	CHANGE IN NET I	POSITION			380,214
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year			(9,008,387)
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR			\$ (8,628,173)

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Fund
ASSETS								_
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - Camden Fee	\$	567,667 19,400 42,338	\$	- 1,730,851 -	\$	- 97 -	\$	567,667 1,750,348 42,338
Receivable - County Treasurer Receivable - RTD		2,286 89,276		9,395 -		4,693		16,374 89,276
Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expense		361,131 450		1,475,417 -				1,836,548 450
Total Assets	\$	1,082,548	\$	3,215,663	\$	4,790	\$	4,303,001
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	123,305 123,305	\$	-	\$	-		123,305 123,305
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Property Tax Revenue		361,131		1,475,417				1,836,548
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		361,131		1,475,417		-		1,836,548
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Expense Restricted for:		450		-		-		450
Emergency Reserves		19,400		_		_		19,400
Debt Service		· -		1,740,246		-		1,740,246
Assigned to: Subsequent Year's Expenditures		17,242		_		_		17,242
Capital Projects		-		-		4,790		4,790
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		561,020 598,112		1,740,246		4,790		561,020 2,343,148
Total Fund Balances		596,112		1,740,246		4,790		2,343,146
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	•	4 000 540	•	0.045.000	•	4.700		
and Fund Balances	\$	1,082,548	\$	3,215,663	\$	4,790		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of position are different because:	net							
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital Assets, Net								2,459,004
Long-term liabilities, including Developer advances payable and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	d							
Bonds Payable Accrued Bond Interest Payable								(13,355,000) (75,325)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(8,628,173)

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(General	Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	363,030	\$ 1,490,795	\$	-	\$	1,853,825
Specific Ownership Taxes		31,866	130,962		-		162,828
Net Investment Income		10,259	23,286		440		33,985
Property Owners Reimbursement		40,000	-		-		40,000
RTD Maintenance Contribution		197,070	-		-		197,070
Camden General Fund Fee		42,338	-		<u>-</u>		42,338
Tax Revenue - LID			 		36,243		36,243
Total Revenues		684,563	1,645,043		36,683		2,366,289
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Accounting		37,520	-		-		37,520
Audit		4,500	-		-		4,500
County Treasurer's Fee		5,442	22,349		-		27,791
District Management		67,388	-		-		67,388
Dues and Subscriptions		687	-		-		687
Election Expense		2,863	-		-		2,863
Holiday Decorations		10,840	-		-		10,840
Insurance and Bonds		8,852	-		-		8,852
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs		13,142	-		-		13,142
Legal		20,564	-		-		20,564
Hardscape Maintenance and Repairs		125,141	-		-		125,141
Miscellaneous		49	-		-		49
Parking License Fee		40,000	-		-		40,000
Security Patrol		37,534	-		-		37,534
Snow Removal		232,817	-		-		232,817
Utilities and Water		29,922	-		-		29,922
Debt Service:			000 000				000 000
Bond Principal - Series 2006 Bonds		-	200,000		-		200,000
Bond Principal - Series 2014A Bonds		-	195,000		-		195,000
Bond Principal - Series 2014B Bonds		-	100,000		-		100,000
Interest Expense - Series 2006 Bonds		-	415,350		-		415,350
Interest Expense - Series 2014A Bonds		-	344,750		-		344,750
Interest Expense - Series 2014B Bonds		-	177,450		-		177,450
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		637,261	 4,903 1,459,802				4,903 2,097,063
Total Expenditures		037,201	 1,439,002		<u> </u>		2,097,003
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		47,302	185,241		36,683		269,226
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (to) from Other Funds		35,082	_		(35,082)		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		35,082	 		(35,082)		
rotal other rinarioning courses (cooc)		00,002		_	(00,002)	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		82,384	185,241		1,601		269,226
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		515,728	 1,555,005		3,189		2,073,922
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	598,112	\$ 1,740,246	\$	4,790	\$	2,343,148

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 269,226
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of depreciation, in the current period. Depreciation	(386,816)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., issuance of bonds, the receipt of Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these difference in the treatment of long-term debt and related items as follows:	
Current Year Bond Principal	495,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds - Change in Liability	 2,804

380,214

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 360,347	\$ 363,030	\$ 363,030	\$	-
Specific Ownership Taxes	28,828	31,866	31,866		-
Net Investment Income	552	10,259	10,259		-
Property Owners Reimbursement	40,000	40,000	40,000		-
RTD Maintenance Contribution	154,122	197,070	197,070		-
Camden General Fund Fee	39,975	46,570	42,338		(4,232)
Total Revenues	623,824	688,795	684,563		(4,232)
EXPENDITURES					
Accounting	46,200	37,520	37,520		_
Audit	4,750	4,500	4,500		_
County Treasurer's Fee	5,405	5,442	5,442		_
District Management	63,250	67,388	67,388		_
Dues and Subscriptions	800	687	687		_
Election Expense	5,000	2,863	2,863		_
Holiday Decorations	15,000	10,840	10,840		_
Insurance and Bonds	15,000	8,852	8,852		_
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs	55,000	13,142	13,142		_
Legal	40,000	20,564	20,564		_
Hardscape Maintenance and Repairs	92,500	125,141	125,141		_
Miscellaneous	4,745	4,788	49		4,739
Parking License Fee	40,000	40,000	40,000		4,739
Security Patrol	30,000	37,534			-
Snow Removal			37,534		-
Utilities and Water	125,000	232,817 29,922	232,817		-
	 30,000	 	 29,922		4,739
Total Expenditures	572,650	642,000	637,261		4,739
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	51,174	46,795	47,302		507
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (to)/from Other Funds	35,082	35,082	35,082		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,082	35,082	35,082		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	86,256	81,877	82,384		507
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 508,473	 508,473	 515,728		7,255
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 594,729	\$ 590,350	\$ 598,112	\$	7,762

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Lincoln Station Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, located entirely in Douglas County, Colorado, was organized on January 30, 2003, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide construction and financing for streets, safety control, water systems, sewer systems, drainage systems, mosquito control, transportation, television relay and translator, and park and recreation facilities.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and RTD maintenance contribution. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets (Continued)

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, parks and recreation improvements, water supply system, and storm and sewer improvements), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Water Supply System	46 Years
Sanitary Sewer and Storm Drainage	46 Years
Streets	20 Years
Parks and Recreation	20 Years

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purpose but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 567,667
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,750,348
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,318,015

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 10,005
Investments	2,308,010
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,318,015

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$10,004.

<u>Investments</u>

The District's formal investment policy is to follow state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average Under 60 Days	\$ 587,664
First American Funds - U.S. Treasury	Weighted-Average	
Obiligations - Money Market - Class D	Under 60 Days	1,720,346
Total		\$ 2,308,010

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

First American Funds - U.S. Treasury Obligations - Money Market - Class D

The trust accounts at U.S. Bank were invested in the First American Treasury Obligations Fund (Class D). This portfolio is a money market fund that is managed by First American Funds and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and Aaa-mf by Moody's. The Fund invests in high quality short-term debt obligations, including repurchase agreements and U.S. Treasury securities. The average maturity of the underlying securities is less than 60 days.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

		Balance - ecember 31, 2021	li	ncreases	Decr	eases		Balance - ecember 31, 2022
Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated:								
Water Supply System Sanitary Sewer and	\$	352,814	\$	-	\$	-	\$	352,814
Storm Drainage		186,452		-		-		186,452
Streets		7,465,319		-		-		7,465,319
Parks and Recreation		36,532		-		-		36,532
Total Capital Assets, Being	'							
Depreciated		8,041,117		-		-		8,041,117
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
For:								
Water Supply System		(78,904)		(7,670)		-		(86,574)
Sanitary Sewer and								
Storm Drainage		(54,721)		(4,053)		-		(58,774)
Streets		(5,037,204)		(373,266)		-		(5,410,470)
Parks and Recreation		(24,468)		(1,827)		-		(26,295)
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation		(5,195,297)		(386,816)		-		(5,582,113)
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,845,820	\$	(386,816)	\$	_	\$	2,459,004
Capital Associs, Not	Ψ	2,040,020	Ψ	(000,010)	Ψ		Ψ	2,700,004

The District will own and maintain Station Street and Tract D, along with a corresponding plaza, sidewalks, landscaping, site furniture, and underground vault for storm water detention and water reclamation.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Government Activities:
General Government \$ 386,816

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance - December 31, 2021		Additions/ Accretions Reductions		Balance - December 31, 2022		Due Within One Year			
Governmental Activities:										
G.O. Limited Tax Bonds	Φ.	0.000.000	Φ.		•	000 000	Φ.	0.400.000	Φ.	005 000
Series 2006 - Senior	\$	6,390,000	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	6,190,000	\$	225,000
G.O. Limited Tax Bonds		4 005 000				105 000		4 720 000		210 000
Series 2014A G.O. Limited Tax Bonds		4,925,000		-		195,000		4,730,000		210,000
Series 2014B		2,535,000				100.000		2,435,000		110,000
	Φ.	13,850,000	\$		•	495.000	Φ.	13,355,000	•	545,000
Total	Ψ	13,030,000	Ψ		Ψ	490,000	Ψ	13,333,000	Ψ	343,000

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

\$7,660,000 Senior General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2006, dated December 18, 2006, with interest of 6.50%. Interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The bonds are term bonds due December 1, 2036, with mandatory sinking fund redemptions beginning December 1, 2011, and on every December 1 thereafter. All of the bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District on December 1, 2016, and on any date thereafter without call premium.

The Series 2006 Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Pledged Revenue, which includes property taxes derived from the Required Mill Levy net of the cost of collection, specific ownership taxes, capital fees, if any, and any other legally available monies of the District credited to the Bond Fund. The Required Mill Levy (for debt service) is defined in the Bond Resolution as a mill levy imposed upon all taxable property in the District each year, beginning in 2008, in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Series 2006 Bonds, but not in excess of 50.000 mills.

\$5,985,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2014A, dated March 24, 2014, in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,985,000. Interest is 7.0%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing in 2014. Unpaid interest shall compound annually on each interest payment date. The bonds mature on December 1, 2036 and are term bonds with mandatory sinking fund redemptions beginning December 1, 2014, and every December 1 thereafter. In addition, bonds are callable prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter without call premium.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

\$3,080,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2014B, dated March 24, 2014, in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,080,000. Interest is 7.0%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing in 2014. Unpaid interest shall compound annually on each interest payment date. The bonds mature on December 1, 2036 and are term bonds with mandatory sinking fund redemptions beginning December 1, 2014, and every December 1 thereafter. In addition, bonds are callable prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter without call premium.

Proceeds of the Series 2014A and 2014B Bonds were used to pay and cancel all of the District's outstanding Subordinate General Obligation Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2007A and Subordinate General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007B, as well as to repay the Developer outstanding principal and interest and to pay the costs of issuing the 2014A and 2014B Bonds.

The Series 2014A and 2014B Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Pledged Revenue, which includes property taxes derived from the Required Subordinate Mill Levy net of the cost of collection, the portion of specific ownership taxes allocable to the amount of the Required Subordinate Mill Levy, and any other legally available monies of the District credited to the 2014 Bond Fund.

For collection year 2022, the District levied 27.500 mills for debt service to make payments on the General Obligation debt.

The District's long-term obligations relating to the Series 2006, Series 2014A, and Series 2014B general obligation bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2023	\$ 545,000	\$ 903,900		\$ 1,448,900
2024	580,000	866,875		1,446,875
2025	635,000	827,475		1,462,475
2026	675,000	784,375		1,459,375
2027	730,000	738,550		1,468,550
2028-2031	3,510,000	2,421,350		5,931,350
2032-2036	6,680,000	1,488,525		8,168,525
Total	\$ 13,355,000	\$ 8,031,050		\$ 21,386,050

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On November 5, 2002, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$85,230,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 12% per annum. At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized on November 5, 2002	Authorized on November 2, 2010	Authorization Used Series 2006 Bonds	Used Series 2007A and 2007B Bonds	Used Series 2014A and 2014B Bonds	Authorized But Unissued
Streets \$	5,965,000	\$ -	\$ 2,910,000	\$ 1,059,656	\$ -	\$ 1,995,344
Parks and Recreation	8,580,000	-	3,447,000	2,831,000	-	2,302,000
Water Supply System	610,000	3,000,000	383,000	200,000	-	3,027,000
Sanitary Sewer and						
Storm Drainage	4,605,000	-	920,000	727,400	366,861	2,590,739
Public Transportation	22,855,000	-	-	1,243,944	-	21,611,056
Refunding	42,615,000	-	-	-	8,698,139	33,916,861
Reimbursement						
Agreements		42,615,000				42,615,000
Total \$	85,230,000	\$ 45,615,000	\$ 7,660,000	\$ 6,062,000	\$ 9,065,000	\$ 108,058,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue additional bond indebtedness of up to \$42,615,000. The Service Plan also limits the total mill levy (debt service and operations combined) to 50.000 mills. Required Mill Levy is discussed under Bonds.

In the future, the District may issue a portion of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

		vernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	<u>-</u>	
Emergencies	\$	19,400
Debt Service		957,271
Capital Projects		4,790
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	981,461

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Property Owners Reimbursement

On September 28, 2007, the District entered into a parking license agreement with the Regional Transportation District (RTD) by which the District received use of 200 parking spaces within the Public Parking Units of the Lincoln Station Parking Garage for an initial five-year term of May 15, 2008, thru May 14, 2013, continuing past this initial term unless terminated by either of the parties. The license may be terminated by RTD on any date after June 1, 2010, but only upon 12 months written notice prior to termination. However, the District may terminate the license at any time upon 30 days written notice prior to termination.

The District pays \$40,000 per year, which is \$200 per parking space per year, for the maintenance and operation of the Licensed Parking Spaces, which is due on or before June 1 of each year of the license term. In prior years, Lincoln Station Phase One, LLC (formerly the Developer) was invoiced for this expense and reimbursed the District for these costs. As the District is no longer in the development stage, the current property owners utilizing the parking spaces are invoiced and reimburse the District. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District received the combined \$40,000 reimbursement from Spectrum Properties, LTD and McDonald Land Holdings LLC.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Tri-Party Agreement Reimbursement (Joint Access Easement Agreement)

Effective March 26, 2004, the District, Bradbury Properties, Inc. (Bradbury)(former Developer of property within the District), TCR MS Lincoln Station, LLC (TCR), and RTD entered into an agreement for Joint Access Easement. Bradbury and RTD grant to TCR a perpetual, nonexclusive easement upon, over and across the Parking Access Drive for: (a) pedestrian access between the TCR Residences, Park Meadows Drive, the Bradbury Parcel, and the RTD Parcel; (b) vehicular ingress and egress between Park Meadows Drive and the TCR Parcel; and (c) installation, operation, maintenance, repair, and replacement of utilities on and under the Parking Access Drive.

TCR shall be responsible for 100% of costs maintaining the sidewalks, benches, landscape, irrigation, and utilities within the Parking Access Drive between the back of the curb on the north side of the drive lanes and the TCR Parcel.

The first party to require use of the vehicular lanes shall pay 100% of the maintenance of the lanes. Once more than one party is using the vehicular lanes, the costs for maintaining the lanes will be proportionately shared based on traffic use, first determined by an estimate done on August 29, 2002. With 90 days written notice by any of the three parties, a traffic survey is to be done, but no more frequently than once every three years. If the new traffic survey reveals peak hour traffic volumes deviating 10% or more from the previous basis, the new study will become the new basis and the parties will split equally the cost of the survey and the parties will pay for the survey within 30 days after each party's receipt of an invoice for their share of these survey costs. If the deviation is less than 10%, the basis is not changed and the party which requested the survey shall pay 100% of the costs of the survey.

If RTD is responsible for maintaining the Parking Access Drive, Bradbury shall be responsible for paying a proportionate share of the costs to RTD on or before March 1 of each year, provided that RTD has sent a detailed expense report to Bradbury by February 1 of such year outlining all expenses incurred in the previous year for the Parking Access Drive.

TCR's proportionate share of the cost for maintaining the lanes will be paid to the District within 30 days after receipt of the billing from the District. If the Parking Access Drive is publicly dedicated or condemned, the Parties' payment obligations shall terminate.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Camden General Fund Fee (Exclusion and Service Agreement with Camden USA, Inc.)

The Exclusion and Service Agreement was entered into on July 2, 2007, between the District and Camden USA, Inc. The District received a petition requesting exclusion of certain real property that is located within the District (Lot 2-A) and the exclusion was granted on October 4, 2007. The excluded property shall continue to be subject to the levy of taxes for the payment of its proportionate share of the Bonds. The District will provide maintenance services to the property to the same level and frequency as when the property was subject to the General Mill Levy. The owner will pay the District a General Fund fee calculated by the district based on the final assessed valuation of the property as a percentage of the total assessed valuation with the operations and maintenance costs allocated proportionately. The amount will be communicated to the property owner on or about January 15 of each year. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District assessed \$46,570 related to this agreement.

RTD Maintenance Contribution (Agreement for Development, Operation, and Easements for Bradbury Transit Village)

RTD and Bradbury entered into an agreement on November 8, 2001. Subsequently, Bradbury and RTD entered into a First Amendment (December 23, 2002), a Second Amendment (August 11, 2003), a Third Amendment (April 14, 2005), and a Fourth Amendment (January 10, 2007). As set forth in the Fourth Amendment, RTD shall contribute 36.2% of the expenses for operation, maintenance, repair, and replacement of the Villages' Pedestrian Plaza, excluding storm water, detention, and/or water quality facilities. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District received \$107,794 related to this agreement and accrued an account receivable of \$89,276 as of December 31, 2022, for a total of \$197,070.

<u>Developer (Owner) Maintenance (Fee) Reimbursement (Maintenance Agreement for</u> Transit Oriented Development)

A Maintenance Agreement was entered into on February 1, 2007, between the District and Lincoln Station, LLC. The District will annually calculate the amount of the District's entire Maintenance Funding Shortfall, which will be the amount of insufficiency of funds generated from other revenue sources to pay for the maintenance costs for infrastructure located within Lots 4-A, 4-B, 5-A, 5-B, Tract D, Commuter Way and Station Street, Heritage Hills Filing No. 2, 1st Amendment. The property owners will be responsible to pay for the shortfall based on a proportionate scale of the property's Assessed Valuation (AV) of the District's total AV. The District will send a separate bill to each of the property owners in January of each year following calculation of the Maintenance Fee. Subsequently, the District and Lincoln Station, LLC entered into a First Amendment on January 1, 2008, with regards to damage or destruction of improvements and use of net proceeds. The District entered into a Second Amendment on May 18, 2010, with Lincoln Station, LLC as well as Lincoln Station Investors, LLC and Lincoln Station Phase One, LLC and Lincoln Station-Land II, LLC and Kaiser Foundation Hospitals. This Second Amendment replaces the prior (First) Amendment and serves to clarify the maintenance activities for which the Maintenance Fee is charged as a District-wide obligation binding all real property located within the District's boundaries. No maintenance fee was charged during the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 5, 2002, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR or Section 29-1-301, C.R.S.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,480,960	\$ 1,490,795	\$ 9,835
Specific Ownership Taxes	118,477	130,962	12,485
Net Investment Income	4,000	23,286	19,286
Total Revenues	1,603,437	1,645,043	41,606
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
County Treasurer's Fee	22,214	22,349	(135)
Debt Service:			
Bond Principal - Series 2006 Bonds	200,000	200,000	-
Bond Principal - Series 2014A Bonds	195,000	195,000	-
Bond Principal - Series 2014B Bonds	100,000	100,000	-
Interest Expense - Series 2006 Bonds	415,350	415,350	-
Interest Expense - Series 2014A Bonds	344,750	344,750	-
Interest Expense - Series 2014B Bonds	177,450	177,450	-
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	5,000	4,903	97
Contingency	4,236	-	4,236
Total Expenditures	1,464,000	1,459,802	4,198
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	139,437	185,241	45,804
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,527,271	1,555,005	27,734
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,666,708	\$ 1,740,246	\$ 73,538

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Origina Final B			ctual nounts	Final Po	nce with Budget ositive gative)
REVENUES Net Investment Income	ф	00	Φ.	440	ሱ	250
Tax Revenue - LID	\$	82 35,000	\$	440 36,243	\$	358 1,243
Total Revenues		35,082		36,683		1,601
EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		35,082		36,683		1,601
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to Other Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		35,082) 35,082)		(35,082) (35,082)		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		1,601		1,601
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				3,189		3,189
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	4,790	\$	4,790

OTHER INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

\$7,660,000 **General Obligation Bonds** Series 2006 Dated December 18, 2006 Interest Rate of 6.50% Interest and Principal

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the

MA (' ' ()	nite est and i mepai							
Maturing in the		Payable June 1 and Decemb						
Year Ending December 31,		Principal Interest			Total			
				-				
2023	\$	225,000	\$	402,350	\$	627,350		
2024		240,000		387,725		627,725		
2025		270,000		372,125		642,125		
2026		285,000		354,575		639,575		
2027		315,000		336,050		651,050		
2028		335,000		315,575		650,575		
2029		370,000		293,800		663,800		
2030		395,000		269,750		664,750		
2031		435,000		244,075		679,075		
2032		465,000		215,800		680,800		
2033		505,000		185,575		690,575		
2034		540,000		152,750		692,750		
2035		590,000		117,650		707,650		
2036		1,220,000		79,300		1,299,300		
Total	\$	6,190,000	\$	3,727,100	\$	9,917,100		

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$5,985,000
General Obligation Bonds
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds
Series 2014A
Dated March 24, 2014
Principal Due December 1,
Interest Rate of 7.00%

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the Year Ending December 31,

> 2035

2036

Total

 Payable June 1 and December 1								
Principal	_	Interest	Total					
_				_				
\$ 210,000	\$	331,100	\$	541,100				
225,000		316,400		541,400				
240,000		300,650		540,650				
255,000		283,850		538,850				
275,000		266,000		541,000				
295,000		246,750		541,750				
315,000		226,100		541,100				
335,000		204,050		539,050				
360,000		180,600		540,600				
385,000		155,400		540,400				
415,000		128,450		543,450				
440,000		99,400		539,400				

68,600

35,350

2,842,700

543,600

540,350

7,572,700

475,000

505,000

4,730,000

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$3,080,000
General Obligation Bonds
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds
Series 2014B
Dated March 24, 2014
Principal Due December 1,
Interest Rate of 7.00%

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the Year Ending December 31,

 	e June 1 and December 1						
Principal		Interest		Total			
 		<u> </u>					
\$ 110,000	\$	170,450	\$	280,450			
115,000		162,750		277,750			
125,000		154,700		279,700			
135,000		145,950		280,950			
140,000		136,500		276,500			
150,000		126,700		276,700			
160,000		116,200		276,200			
175,000		105,000		280,000			
185,000		92,750		277,750			
200,000		79,800		279,800			
210,000		65,800		275,800			
225,000		51,100		276,100			
245,000		35,350		280,350			
 260,000		18,200		278,200			
\$ 2,435,000	\$	1,461,250	\$	3,896,250			

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

Bonds and Interest				
Maturing in the			Totals	
Year Ending December 31,	<u> </u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	545,000	\$ 903,900	\$ 1,448,900
2024		580,000	866,875	1,446,875
2025		635,000	827,475	1,462,475
2026		675,000	784,375	1,459,375
2027		730,000	738,550	1,468,550
2028		780,000	689,025	1,469,025
2029		845,000	636,100	1,481,100
2030		905,000	578,800	1,483,800
2031		980,000	517,425	1,497,425
2032		1,050,000	451,000	1,501,000
2033		1,130,000	379,825	1,509,825
2034		1,205,000	303,250	1,508,250
2035		1,310,000	221,600	1,531,600
2036		1,985,000	132,850	2,117,850
Total	\$	13,355,000	\$ 8,031,050	\$ 21,386,050

LINCOLN STATION METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Prior Year						
		Assessed			_			
		Valuation				Γotal		Percent
Year Ended	for	Current Year	Mills L	evied for	Prope	rty Ta	axes	Collected
December 31,	Prop	perty Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	 Levied	_	Collected	to Levied
2018	\$	50,585,710	5.000	30.000	\$ 1,758,157	\$	1,758,157	100.00%
2019		52,786,460	7.500	27.500	1,812,914		1,792,259	98.86
2020		55,455,860	7.500	27.500	1,900,112		1,853,263	97.53
2021		52,215,810	7.500	27.500	1,821,856		1,821,996	100.01
2022		53,853,050	7.500	27.500	1,841,307		1,853,825	100.68
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2023	\$	53,532,750	7.516	27.561	\$ 1,836,548			

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.